

THREE APPROACHES TO
INTRUSION DETECTION
Analysis and Enhancements

VI National Computer and Information Security Conference

ACIS – COLOMBIA

by

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June 2006

Outline

- Goal
- Basic Concepts
- The Three Models
- Denning — Intrusion Detection Model
- Crosbie & Spafford — Genetic Programming
- Mé — Genetic Algorithms
- Conclusions & Future Work

Goal

- To review and analyse three approaches to intrusion detection:
 - An Intrusion-Detection Model
by Dorothy Denning
 - Applying Genetic Programming to Intrusion Detection
by Mark Crosbie and Eugene H. Spafford
 - Security Audit Trail Analysis Using Genetic Algorithms
by Ludovic Mé

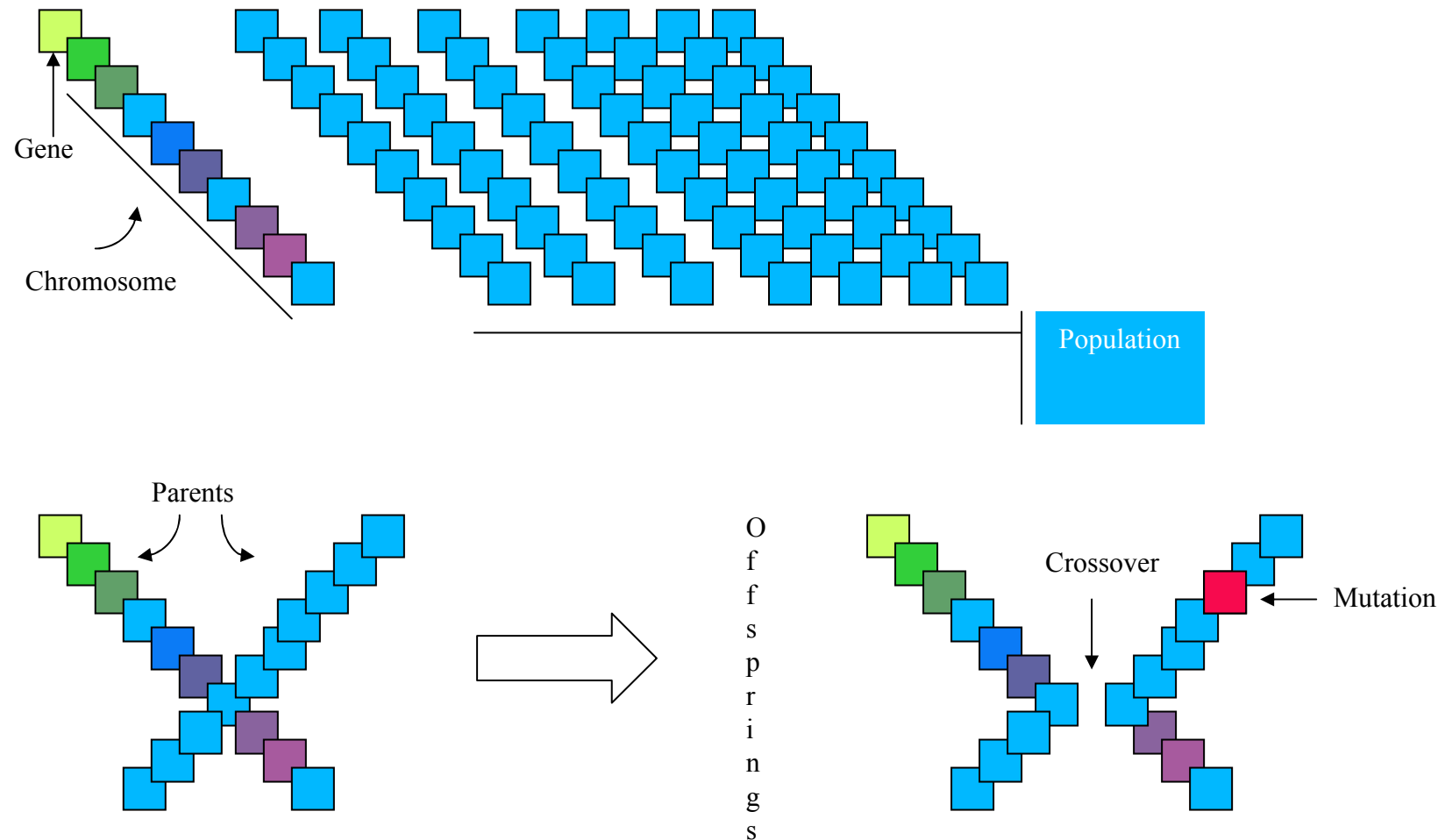
Basic Concepts: Intrusion Detection Systems

- *Intrusion Detection System (IDS)*
 - system to detect intrusions in a computer or computer network
- *Intrusion*
 - unauthorized attempt to access a system
- *Security Auditing*
 - formal examination of actions taken by system users
- *Audit Data*
 - records of actions taken by identifiable and authenticated users

Basic Concepts: Evolutionary Computation (EC)

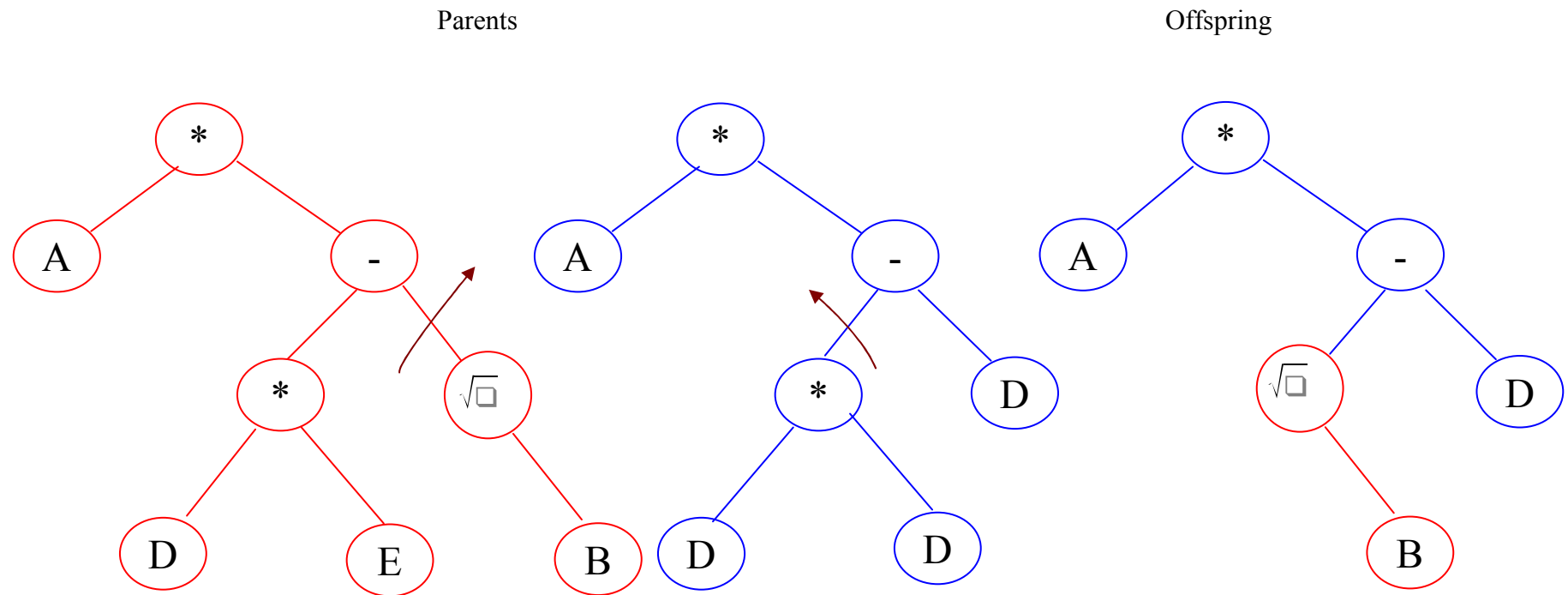
- Inspired by Biological Evolution
 - Biological Evolution
 - Creates and Modifies Species by Natural Selection
 - Evolutionary Computation
 - Creates and Modifies “Solutions” by Artificial Selection
- *Genes* — *Hereditary Units that Determine Characteristics*
- *Chromosomes* — *Collections of Genes in Individuals*
- *Populations* — *Collections of Individuals*

Basic Concepts: Evolutionary Computation (EC)



Basic Concepts: Genetic Programming (GP)

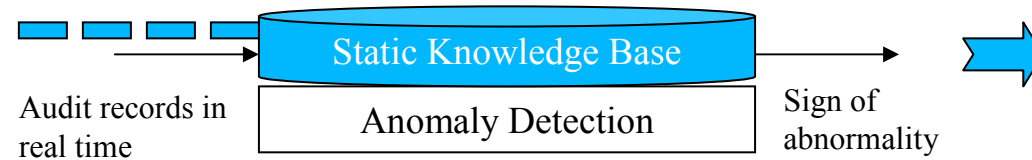
- John Koza has used a form of EC to evolve Lisp programs
- Programs in Lisp can be expressed as *parse trees*



Outline

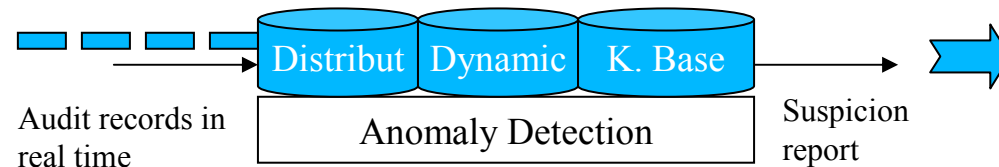
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The Three Models



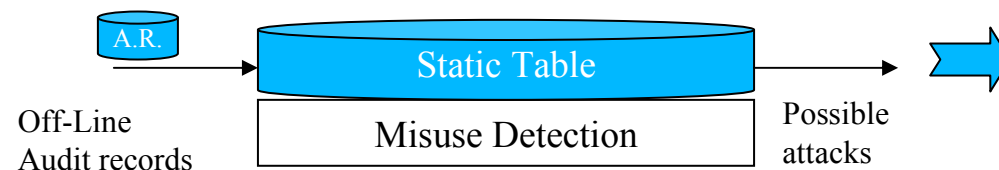
Rules Pre coded.
Anomaly Detection
Using those Rules.

Denning's Model



Rules using GP.
Anomaly Detection using
Those Rules

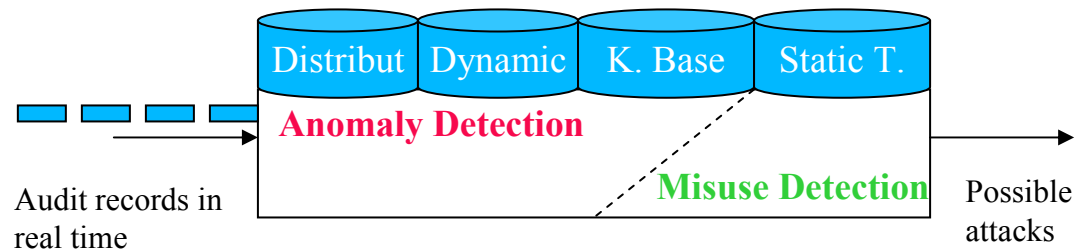
Crosbie & Spafford Prototype



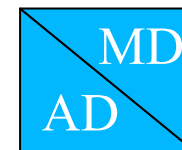
Intrusions Pre coded.
Pattern Matching

Mé's Audit Trail Analysis

The Three Models Complemented



- Distributed K. Base
- Using AI to generate them.
- Known Attacks.
- Real Time System



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Denning's Intrusion Detection Model Components

- The model has six *components*:
 - Subjects,
 - Objects,
 - Audit records,
 - Profiles,
 - Anomaly records, and
 - Activity rules.

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A *GP* Intrusion Detection Model



Training Scenarios

<i>Type of scenario</i>	<i>Outcome</i>
10 connections with 1 second delay	90%
10 connections with 5 second delay	70%
10 connections with 30 second delay	40%
10 connections every minute	30%
Rapid connections, then random pauses	80%
Intermittent connections	10%
Connections to privileged ports	90%
Connections to any port	70%

A *GP* Intrusion Detection Model

Suspicion reported by Agents

Suspicion Value

<i>Activities</i>	<i>Agent 1</i>	<i>Agent 2</i>	<i>Agent 3</i>
Connections to privileged ports	83%	100%	98%
Login then long pauses then logins	31%	26%	0%
Logins and ftp with long pauses	73%	47%	25%

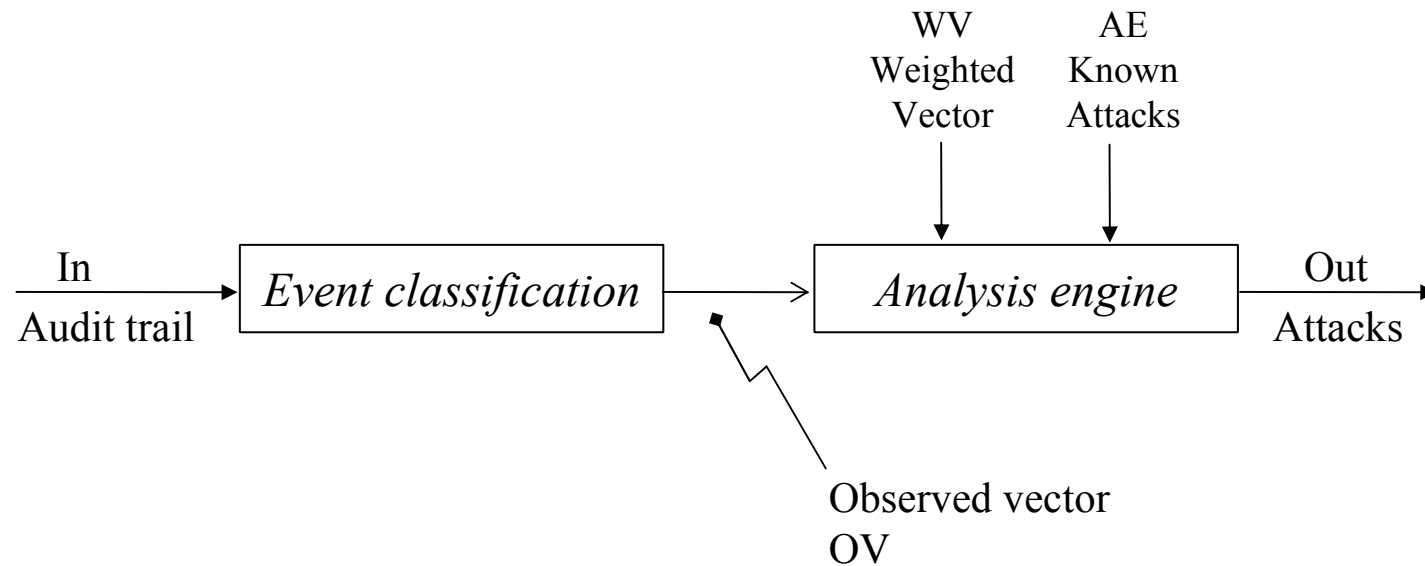
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A Genetic Algorithm Approach Architecture



A Genetic Algorithm Approach - Constraint

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
0	3																							
1				1																				
2			1																					
3	3																							
4		3																						
5	3		3						8															
6					5														1		5			
7					30																			
8						5																		
9										3														
10											2													
11												3												
12													10	1										
13														1										
14															1									
15																								4
16																			1					
17	3				35	5		8	3	2	3			10	3		300		2		5		4	
18																		100						
19						5																		
20													10											
21																				1				
22														10										
23																						5		
24																							1	
25				1																	3			
26											30													
27																	50							

I	MV	Ov	Fails
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	<u>1</u>	0	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
1	<u>8</u>	0	1
1	<u>10</u>	0	1
1	<u>30</u>	76	0
1	<u>5</u>	0	1
0	0	0	0
1	2	20	0
1	<u>3</u>	0	1
1	0	0	0
0	0	6	0
0	0	0	0
0	4	4	0
0	0	0	0
0	<u>62</u>	94	0
1	<u>100</u>	0	1
0	5	42	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
1	5	5	0
	0	0	0
	3	459	0
	30	1335	0
	0	0	<u>0</u>

A Genetic Algorithm Approach

Fitness Function

- The fitness function proposed by Ludovic Mé

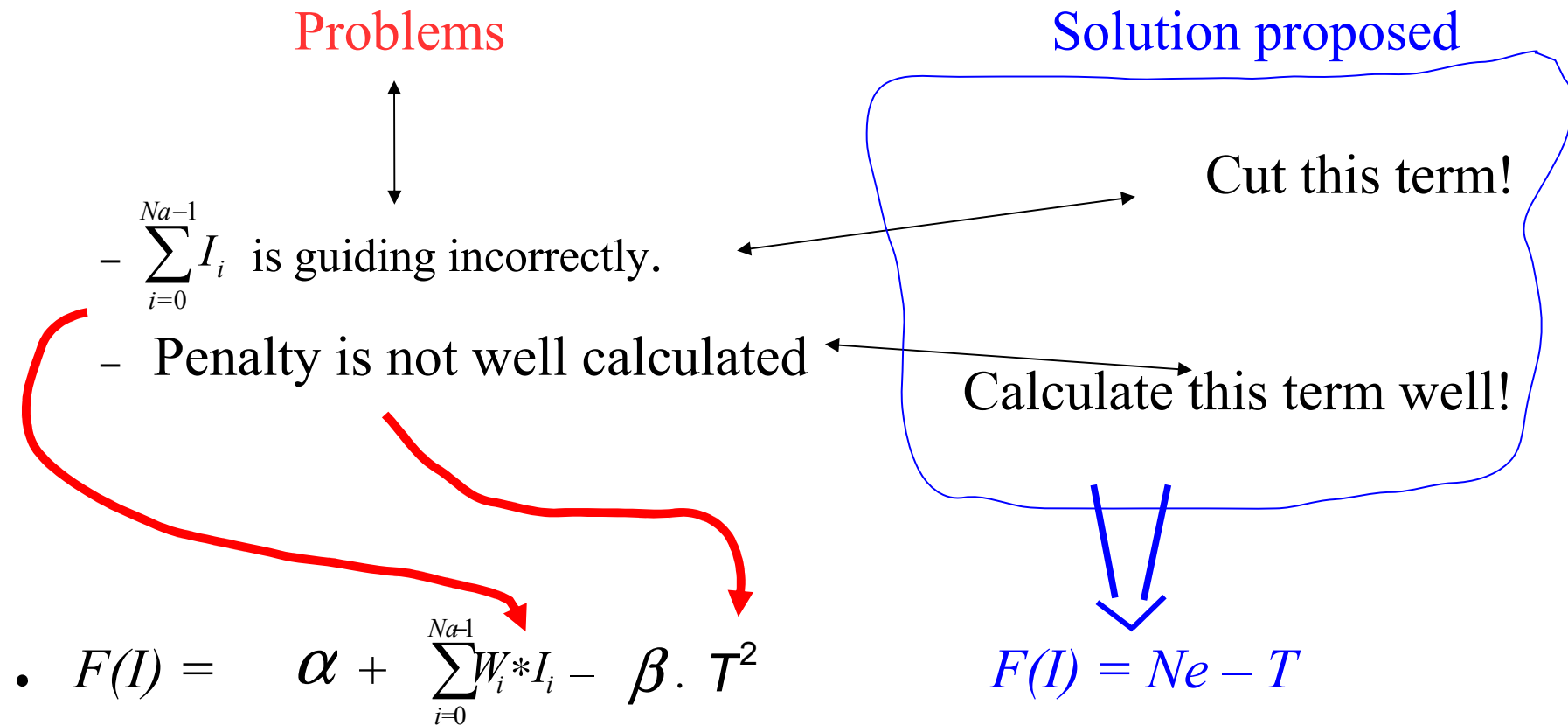
$$F(I) = \alpha + \sum_{i=0}^{Na-1} W_i * I_i - \beta \cdot T^2$$

- Hypothesis I is found such that:

- $\sum_{i=0}^{Na-1} W_i * I_i$ is maximized, and

- $\sum_{j=0}^{Na-1} AE_j * I_j \leq O_j$, for all $1 \leq i \leq N_e$. Constraint.

A Genetic Algorithm Approach Fitness Function – Our Proposal



A Genetic Algorithm Approach

Fitness Function – Our Proposal

$$F(I) = Ne - T$$

<i>User</i>	<i>Average of 10 runs</i>			<i>% deviation</i>		<i>%</i>
	<i>False +</i>	<i>False -</i>	<i>Detected</i>	<i>False +</i>	<i>False -</i>	<i>Detected</i>
2051_7	0	0	3	0%	0%	100%
2051_11	0	0	4	0%	0%	100%
2506_15	0	0	4	0%	0%	100%
Zero Vector	0	0	0	0%	0%	100%
One Intrus.	0	0.1	0.9	0%	10%	90%
Two Intrus.	0	0	0	0%	0%	100%
Three Intrus.	0	0	3	0%	0%	100%

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Conclusions & Future Work

- Denning's Model
 - The assumption of abnormal as deviation from normality is a good start
- * Our proposals
 - Could be complemented with *misuse* detection
 - Use of *sentinel profiles* for non common activity
 - Use of tendency of the mean

Conclusions & Future Work

- Denning's Model
 - Use of profiles, metrics and models is a great idea
- *Our proposals*
 - Try to overcome the heavy of the system
 - *Distributivity*
 - *Maintenance*
 - *Risk analysis*

Conclusions & Future Work

- Denning's Model

- Use of Classes of Profiles is prominent

- * Our proposals

- Take into account the *number of users in each Class*

- Complement with the use of the tendency of the mean

Conclusions & Future Work

- Crosbie & Spafford Model
 - Idea of use of distributed Agents is excellent
- * Our proposals
 - Take into account
 - The *control* of those
 - The *overload* impose in the system

Conclusions & Future Work

- Crosbie & Spafford Model
 - Use of GP in order to improve the capture of novel attacks
- * Our proposals
 - *Specification of*
 - Fitness function and its parameters
 - Parameters of the evolution
 - SAL and MUX

Conclusions & Future Work

- Crosbie & Spafford Model

- Use of GP in order to improve the capture of novel attacks

- * Our proposals

- *More test*
- *Compare future results with other approaches*

Conclusions & Future Work

- Mé Model
 - Join objective and constraint in the fitness function
- * Our proposals
 - *New fitness function* that uses only the constraint and
 - The objective is obtained with a new operator: the *union operator*

Conclusions & Future Work

- Mé's Model
 - Good idea to use a matrix of misuse, and to encode intrusions as a chromosome
- ** Our proposals*
 - Augment the system with the possibility of
 - *Consider different users*
 - *Consider more intrusions*
 - *report user activity not considered in the analysis*

Conclusions & Future Work

- Mé's Model
 - Use a matrix of misuse, and to encode intrusions as a chromosome
- * Our proposals
 - Augment the system with the possibility of
 - *capture novel attacks*
 - *capture abnormal activity*
 - *disaggregate intrusions as exclusive*

Thanks!

I would like to thank The University of Oklahoma for sponsoring this trip to Acis-Colombia.

I would like to thank Dr. Dean Hougen, for his advising, support and patience. From him, I learned not only in the classroom, but with his example, the way to do science and be better.

I would like to thank ACIS for this opportunity to share our research experiences and learn from a selected group of Panellists

Bibliografy

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QUESTIONS